

Towards a Viewpoint-Based Framework for Reactive Systems Modeling

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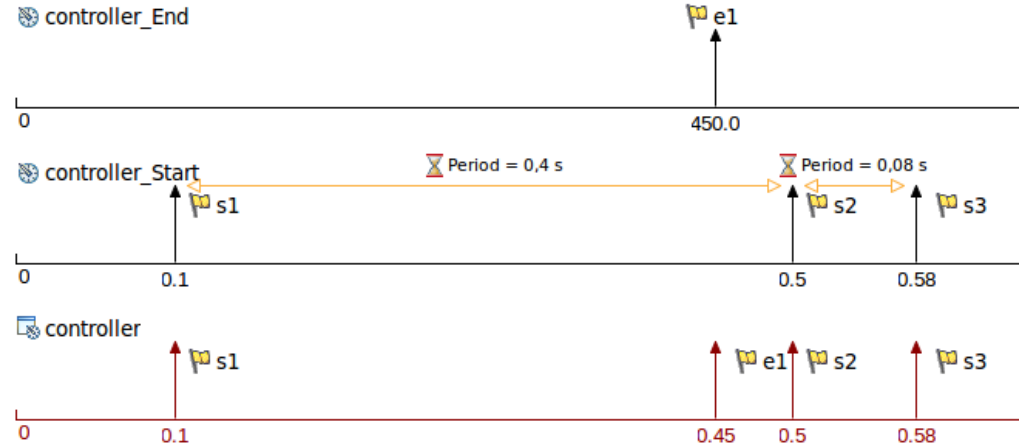
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Context : Reactive systems modeling

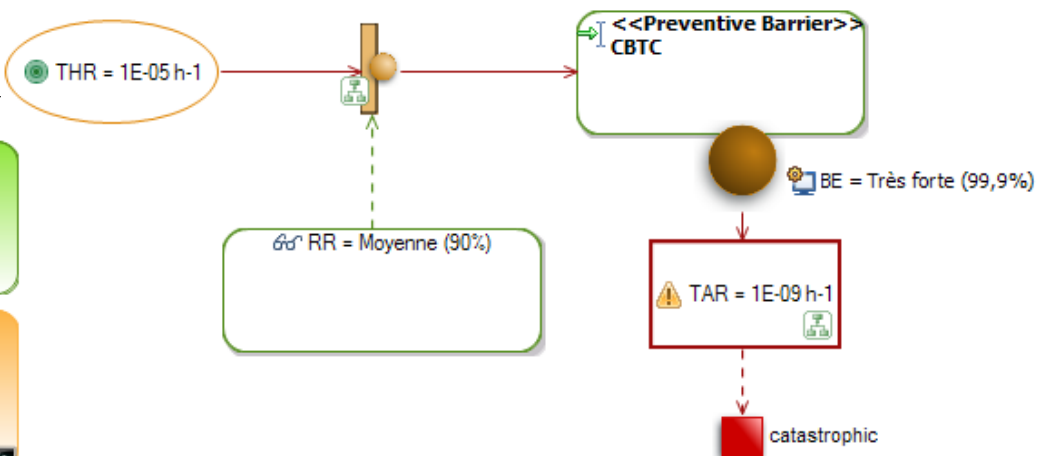
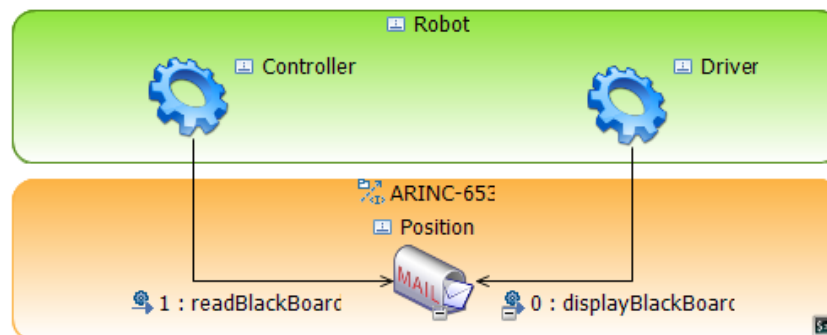
- Systems which react continuously to the environment
- Heterogenous dimensions : timing, tolerable rate, power consumption

 Varying degrees of details to model

Different views



	catastrophic	critical	marginal
improbable	undesirable	acceptable	negligible
probable	unacceptable	unacceptable	unacceptable
invraisemblable	acceptable	negligible	negligible
rare	unacceptable	undesirable	acceptable
occasionnel	unacceptable	undesirable	undesirable



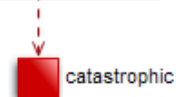
Different viewpoints

Functional

Performance

Safety

Multitasking design



Model Driven Company

Viewpoint definition

- Many academic and industrial works define the viewpoint concept

[Kruchten95] [ISO/IEC WD3 42010] [Spanoudakis97]

- There is not a common definition [Movida09]

[IEEE 1471-2000]

- A viewpoint is a **pattern or template from which to develop individual views by establishing the purposes and audience for a view and the techniques for its creation and analysis**
- **A view is a representation of a system from the perspective of a related set of concerns.**

Viewpoint interests

- Main expected result is the "separation of concerns"
 - Manage varying degree of details in separate views
- **But,**
 - To provide adequate views for each customers is a noteworthy challenge for tool provider
 - Views are statically coded in the tools
 - Few industrial modeling tools provide and are driven by viewpoints in system engineering
 - Varying degree of details implies specific business views
 - Views are mapped to the “4+1” views [Kruchten95]
 - Views = graphical representations ?

Problems

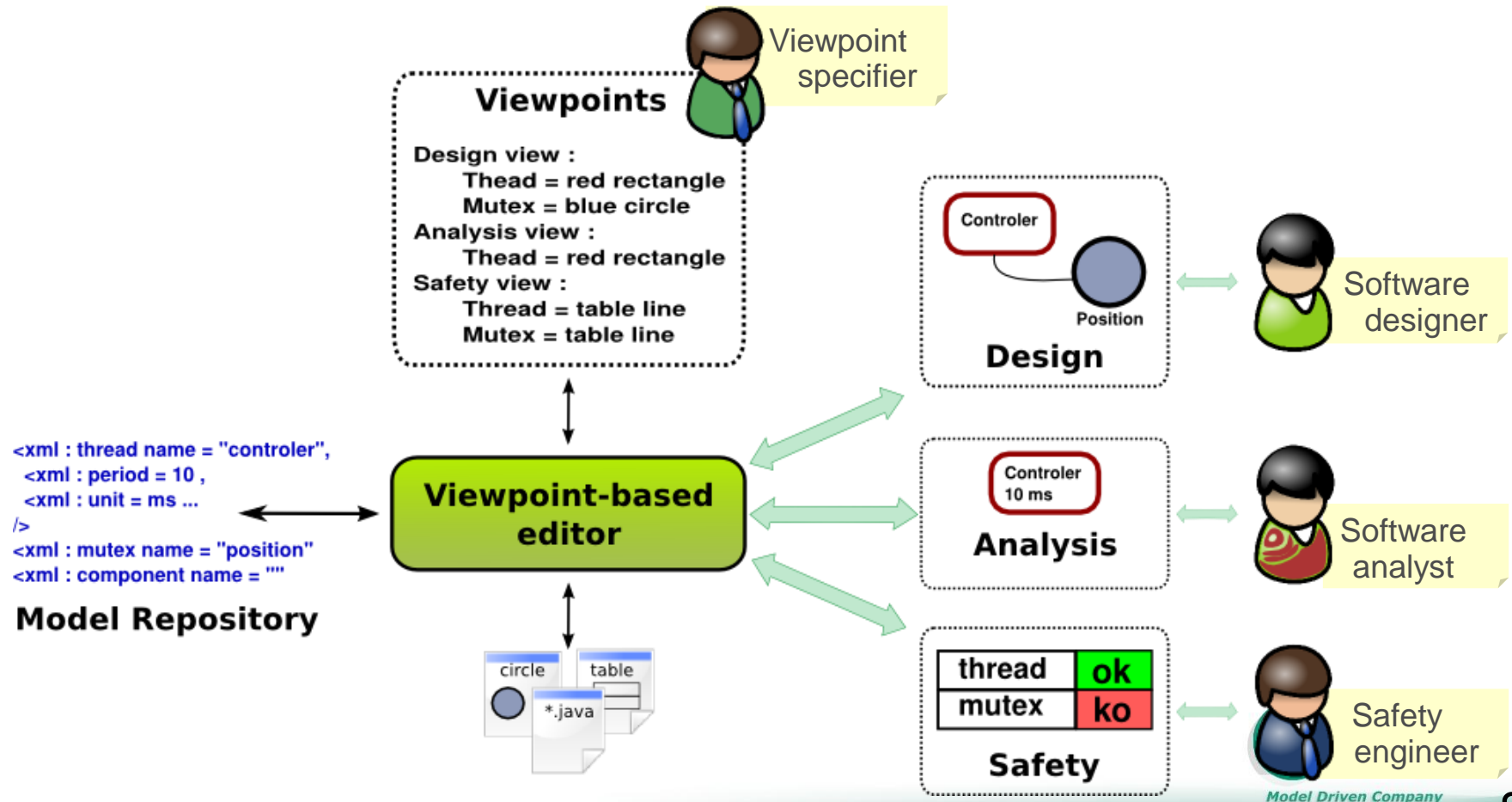
- ➔ **What would be a technological viewpoint-based framework ?**
- ➔ **How can we provide a framework which could be adaptable to specific engineering processes (specific views) ?**
- ➔ **What could be a viewpoint-based framework which is not only graphical representations ?**

A synthesis

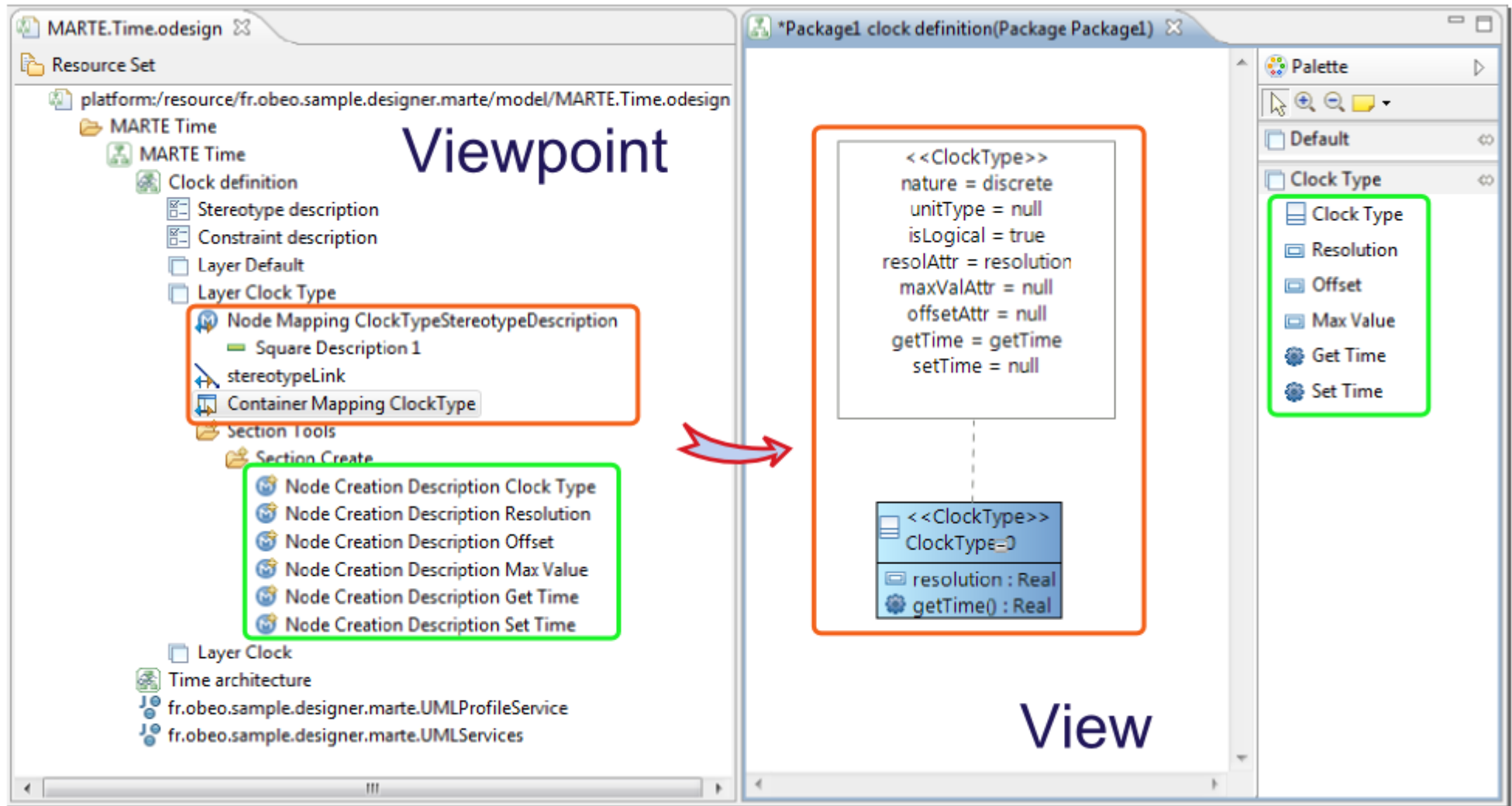
- A viewpoint is a set of rules for extracting information from a set of models. Those rules suit particular concerns.
 - ➔ To describe rules
 - ➔ To extract the information dynamically
 - ➔ To abstract the implementation technology to be concentrate on the rules
- A viewpoint is a set of rules for manipulating and computing information in a way that the set of models is still consistent after the manipulation
 - ➔ To provide a language to manipulate and navigate into the models
- The view is the result of applying a viewpoint
 - ➔ The tool shall manage the view consistency

What's a graphical viewpoint ?

- **Graphical Viewpoint** : a set of rules used to identify which graphical information must be displayed and which user interactions are allowed.

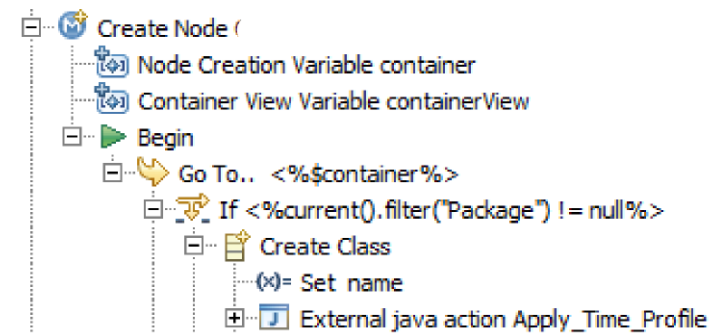


A model driven approach



What's a graphical viewpoint-based framework ?

- A viewpoint metamodel
 - Node, Edge, Container
 - Filter, layer
 - Graphical and semantic validation rules
- Synchronization and consistency mechanisms among
 - Graphical representation(s)
 - Semantic model(s) of the system
 - Viewpoint description model(s)
- Abstract the modeling technologies



Implementation

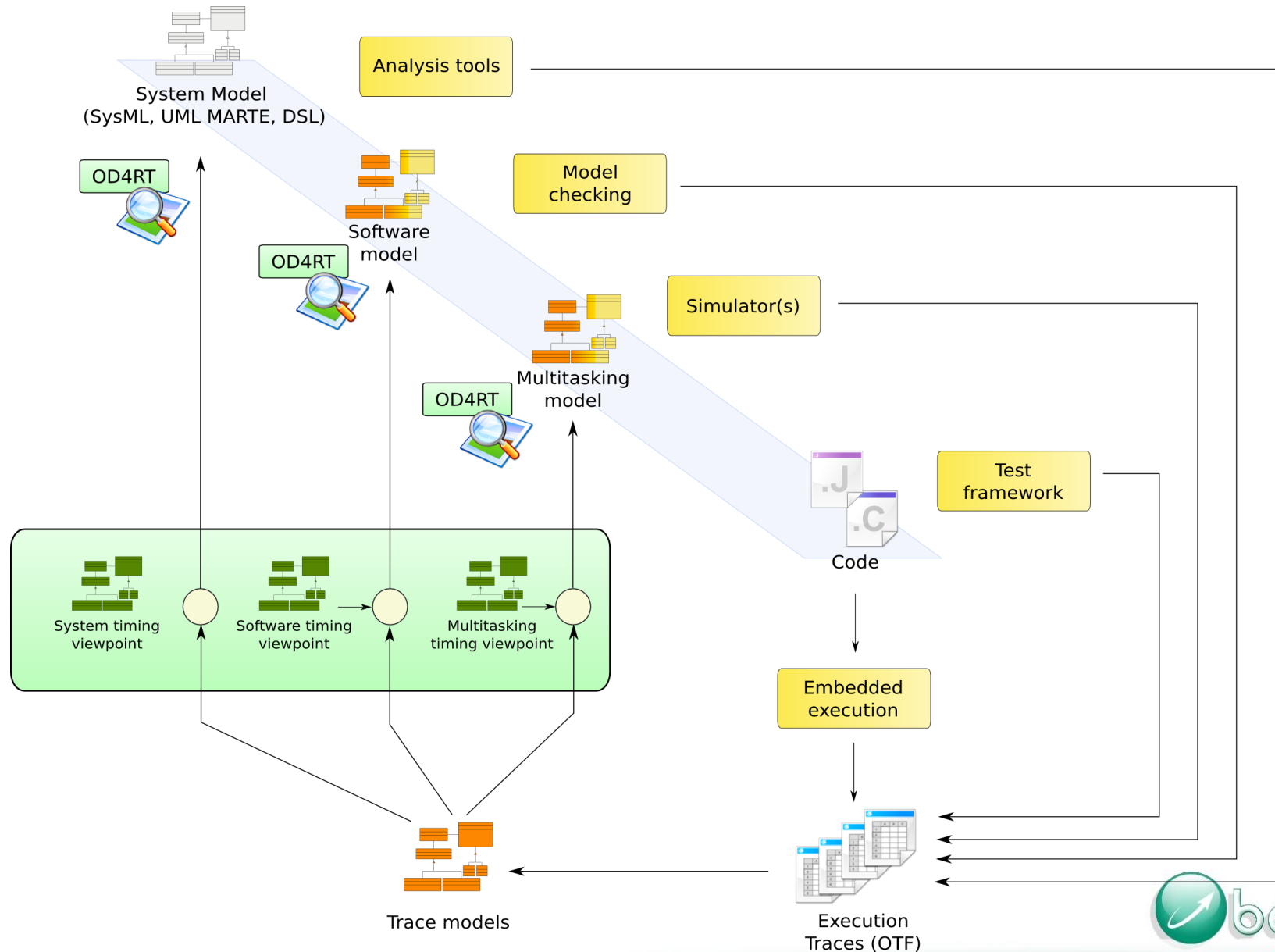
- An industrial graphical viewpoint based framework
 - It provides a metamodel for describing graphical viewpoints
 - It allows represent UML and DSLs models in the same session
 - The metamodel is based on the IEEE1471-2000 standard
 - It provides graphical, tabular and sequence views



Problems

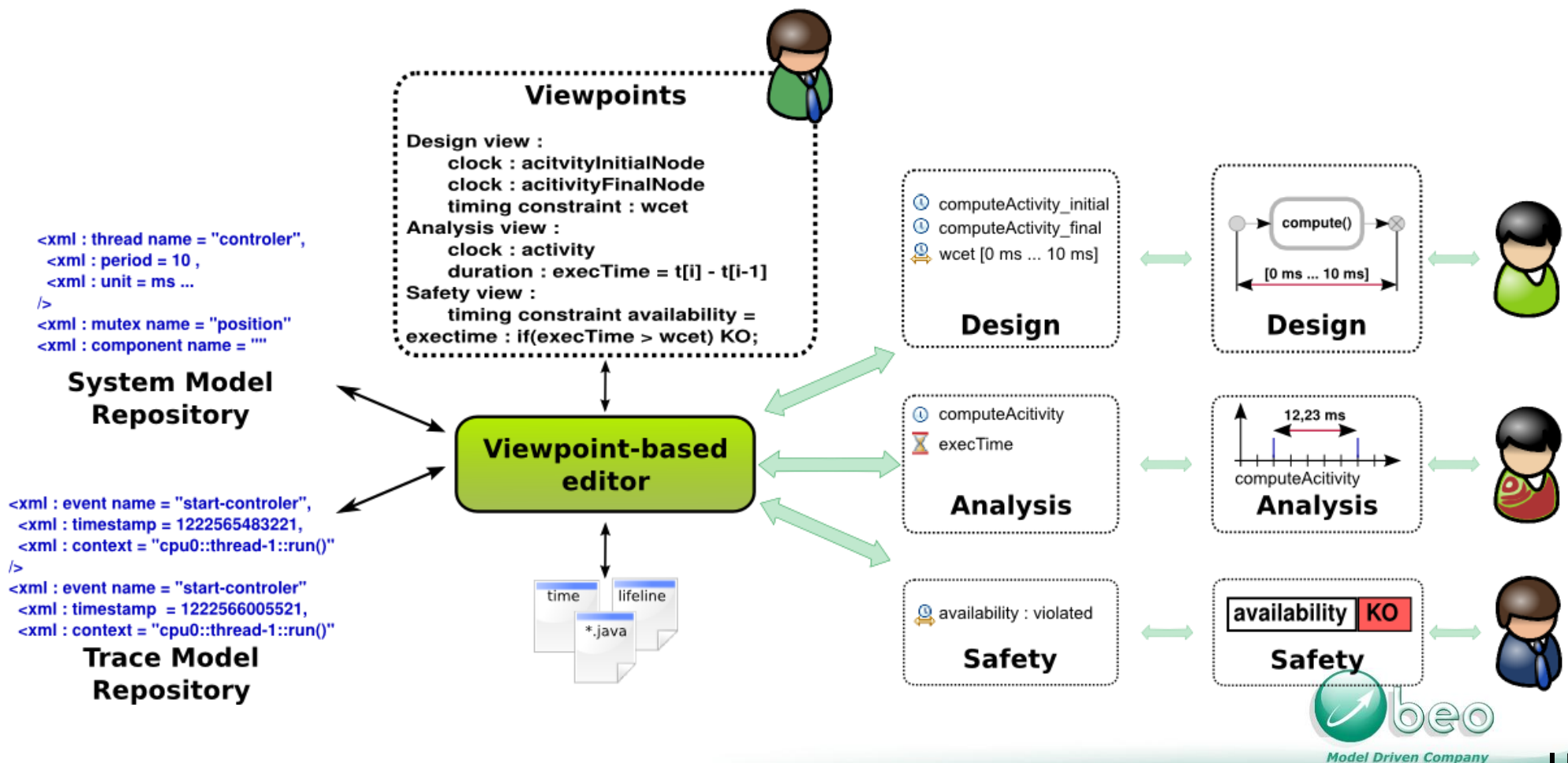
- ➔ What would be a technological viewpoint-based framework ?
- ➔ How can we provide a framework which could be adaptable to specific business views ?
- ➔ What could be a viewpoint-based framework which is not only graphical representations ?

Time dimension during the development



Timing viewpoint description

- Timing viewpoint** : a set of rules used to identify which temporal information is accurate for a specific concern.



Why a timing viewpoint-based framework ?

- To provide generic tools to navigate/animate/debug the models
- To limitate the import/export on the semantic models

But,

- A common trace metamodel,
- A language to describe how to reconcile the trace with the semantic model elements
- A tool to manage the consistency among :
 - The semantic model(s)
 - The trace model(s)
 - The timing viewpoint description

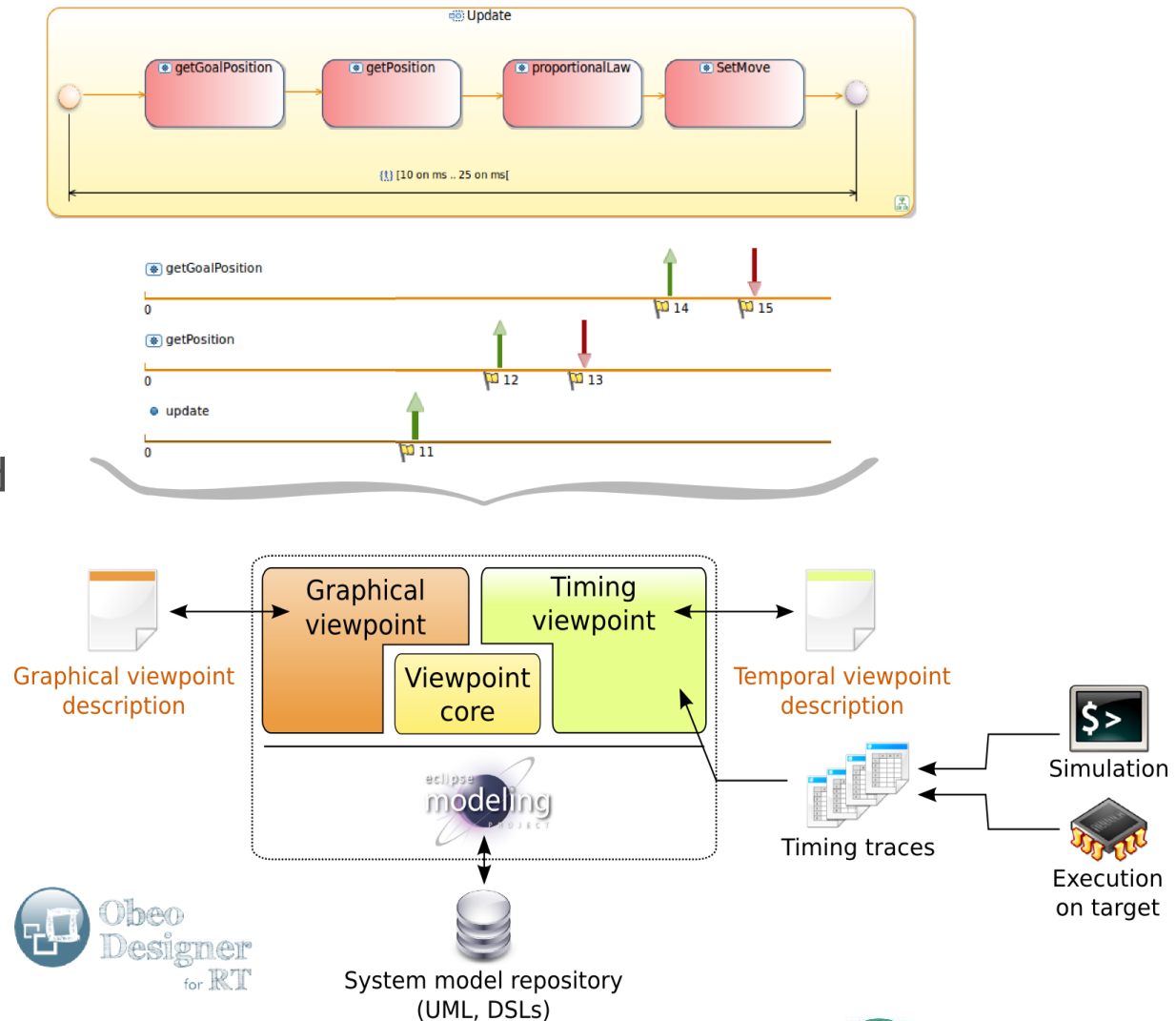
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Our first results

- An extension to the graphical viewpoint based framework
- A timing viewpoint language based on the TIME UML MARTE domain model
- Acceleo is used to navigate and reconcile the trace and the semantic models.



Towards a viewpoint-based framework

- From our experiment, a viewpoint-based framework provides :
 - Means to describe viewpoint models in order to adapt the generic plug-ins for a set of particular concerns
 - Separation of the preoccupations and abstraction of the Java implementation for the tool architect
 - Capitalization of plug and play plug-ins
 - Graphical plug-ins : forms, links, layer, filter mechanisms
 - Timing plug-ins : constraint checking, graphical viewpoint description generation, animation, debug
 - A end-user tool which suit to its particular needs.
 - Means to use several languages (metamodels) in the same framework
 - Views composition ?

Conclusion

- Viewpoint-based framework is a promising approach :
 - Not limited to graphics
 - Enables one to separate the concerns
 - Meta-Tool providers (know model technologies and provide the framework-based tool)
 - Business tool architects = viewpoint specifiers (parameterize the framework for their business language(s) and rules)
 - Users who make models which are conform-by-construction with the business rules
- We are working on technologies to enhance views consistency such as the synchronization and the composition of views (<http://movida.gforge.inria.fr/>)

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Thanks !

Do you have a different viewpoint ?